



AQUATHOL® K

AQUATIC HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Dipotassium salt of endothall*	40.3%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	59.7%
TOTAL	100.0%

*7-oxabicyclo [2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid equivalent 28.6%
Contains per gallon 4.23 lb. dipotassium endothall

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER

FIRST AID:

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact (303) 623-5716 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression, and convulsion may be needed.

EPA Registration No. 4581-204

EPA Establishment No. 62171-MS-003

Net Contents _____



cerexagri

Cerexagri, Inc.

630 Freedom Business Center
Suite 402

King of Prussia, PA 19406

1 800-438-6071 • www.cerexagri.com

GENERAL INFORMATION

AQUATHOL K is a liquid concentrate soluble in water which is effective against a broad range of aquatic plants with a margin of safety to fish.

Dosage rates indicated for the application of AQUATHOL K are measured in "Parts Per Million" (ppm) of dipotassium endothall. Only 0.5 to 5.0 ppm are generally required for aquatic weed control, whereas some fish species are tolerant to approximately 100 ppm or over.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

HOW TO APPLY:

AQUATHOL K is a contact herbicide; consequently, do not apply before weeds are present. Application as early as possible after weeds appear and are actively growing is recommended for best results.

If an entire pond is treated at one time, or if the dissolved oxygen level is low at time of application, decay of weeds may remove enough oxygen from the water, causing fish to suffocate. Water containing very heavy vegetation should be treated in sections to prevent suffocation of fish. Sections should be treated 5-7 days apart. Carefully measure size and depth of area to be treated and determine amount of AQUATHOL K to apply from chart.

AQUATHOL K should be sprayed on the water or injected below the water surface and should be distributed as evenly as possible. It may be applied as a concentrate or diluted with water depending on the equipment. Some dilution will give better distribution. For best results apply when water is quiescent and/or flows are minimal.

In instances where the weed(s) to be controlled is an exposed surface problem (i.e., some of the broad-leaved pond weeds) coverage is important. For best results apply the concentrate or with the least amount of water compatible with the application equipment.

Necessary approval and/or permits should be obtained in states where required.

AQUATIC WEEDS CONTROLLED AND DOSAGE RATE CHARTS

AQUATHOL K is recommended for the control of the following aquatic weeds in irrigation and drainage canals, ponds and lakes at the rates indicated. Since the active ingredient is water soluble and tends to diffuse from the treated area, select the dosage rate applicable to the area to be treated. Use the lower rate in each range of rates where the growth is young and growing and/or where the weed stand is not heavy. Marginal treatments of large bodies of water require higher rates as indicated.

Aquatic Weed	RATES			
	Entire Pond/Lake or Large Area Treatment	Gallons per Acre Ft.	Spot or Lake Margin Treatment	Gallons per Acre Ft.
Bur Reed, <i>Sparganium</i> spp.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.	4.0-5.0 ppm	2.6-3.2 gal.
Cootail, <i>Ceratophyllum</i> spp.	1.0-2.0 ppm	0.6-1.3 gal.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.
Horned Pondweed, <i>Zannichellia palustris</i>	1.0-2.0 ppm	0.6-1.3 gal.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.
Hydrilla, <i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Hygrophila, <i>Hygrophila polysperma</i>	4.0-5.0 ppm	2.6-3.2 gal.	5.0 ppm	3.2 gal.
Milfoil, <i>Myriophyllum</i> spp.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Naiad, <i>Najas</i> spp.	1.0-3.0 ppm	0.6-1.9 gal.	2.0-4.0 ppm	1.3-2.6 gal.
Pondweed, <i>Potamogeton</i> spp.	0.5-3.0 ppm	0.3-1.9 gal.	1.5-4.0 ppm	1.0-2.6 gal.
Including:				
American, <i>P. nodosus</i>	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Largeleaf (Bass Weed), <i>P. amplifolius</i>	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Curlyleaf, <i>P. crispus</i>	0.5-1.5 ppm	0.3-1.0 gal.	1.5-3.0 ppm	1.0-1.9 gal.
Flatstem, <i>P. zosteriformis</i>	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Floating-leaf, <i>P. natans</i>	1.0-2.0 ppm	0.6-1.3 gal.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.
Illinois, <i>P. illinoensis</i>	1.5-2.5 ppm	1.0-1.6 gal.	2.5-3.5 ppm	1.6-2.3 gal.
Narrowleaf, <i>P. pusillus</i>	1.0-2.0 ppm	0.6-1.3 gal.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.
Threadleaf, <i>P. filiformis</i>	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Sago, <i>P. pectinatus</i>	1.0-2.0 ppm	0.6-1.3 gal.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.
Variable Leaf, <i>P. diversifolius</i>	1.0-2.0 ppm	0.6-1.3 gal.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.
Parrot Feather, <i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.
Water Stargrass, <i>Heteranthera</i> spp.	2.0-3.0 ppm	1.3-1.9 gal.	3.0-4.0 ppm	1.9-2.6 gal.

RATE OF APPLICATION — LAKES AND PONDS

The following chart indicates the total quantity of material to be applied.

DEPTH	APPROXIMATE GALLONS OF AQUATHOL K FOR ONE ACRE (208' x 208') TREATMENT						
	DOSAGE IN GALLONS FOR VARIOUS CONCENTRATIONS IN PPM						
	0.5 ppm	1.0 ppm	1.5 ppm	2.0 ppm	3.0 ppm	4.0 ppm	5.0 ppm
1 ft.	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.9	2.6	3.2
2 ft.	0.6	1.3	1.9	2.6	3.8	5.1	6.4
4 ft.	1.3	2.6	3.8	5.1	7.7	10.2	12.8
6 ft.	1.9	3.8	5.8	7.6	11.5	15.3	19.2

RATE OF APPLICATION — IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE CANALS**

The following indicates the total quantity of material to be applied.

PPM	GALLONS OF AQUATHOL K REQUIRED TO TREAT 1 MILE OF CANAL 1 FOOT DEEP*			
	WIDTH OF CANAL IN FEET			
	5	10	15	20
1.0 ppm	0.4	0.75	1.2	1.5
2.0 ppm	0.75	1.5	2.3	3.0
3.0 ppm	1.2	2.3	3.5	4.5
4.0 ppm	1.5	3.0	4.5	6.0
5.0 ppm	2.0	3.8	5.7	7.5

The minimum contact time with weeds for optimum results should be 2 hours.

*For deeper water, adjust rate accordingly.

** Not for this use in California.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)**

DANGER

CORROSIVE. CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN, OR ON CLOTHING. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS OR SPRAY MIST.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove protective clothing and equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Avoid contact with or drift to other crops or plants as injury may result. Wash out spray equipment with water after each operation.

Do not use fish from treated areas for food or feed within 3 days of treatment. Do not use water from treated areas for watering livestock, for preparing agricultural sprays for food crops, for irrigation or for domestic purposes within the following periods:

Up to 0.5 ppm dipotassium salt — 7 days after application

Up to 4.25 ppm dipotassium salt — 14 days after application

Up to 5.0 ppm dipotassium salt — 25 days after application

Treated water can be used for sprinkling bent grass immediately.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage Instructions: Store in the original container. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. Storage at temperatures below 32°F may result in the product freezing or crystallizing. Should this occur the product must be warmed to 50°F or higher and thoroughly agitated. In the event of a spillage during handling or storage, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal Instructions listed below.

Pesticide Disposal Instructions: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinseate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal Instructions: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

MEDICAL: (303) 623-5716 Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center

WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

Cerexagri, Inc. warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use, subject to the risks referred to therein. CEREXAGRI MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. IN NO CASE SHALL CEREXAGRI OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, BUSINESS REPUTATION, OR CUSTOMERS; LABOR COST; OR OTHER EXPENSES INCURRED IN PLANTING OR HARVESTING.

Cerexagri and seller offer this product and the buyer and user accept it subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of Cerexagri.

*Cerexagri, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Arkema Inc.
Aquathol is a registered trademark of Cerexagri, Inc.*

4581-204(100504-1166)

Made and Printed in U.S.A.



cerexagri

AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Agrichemicals Group

Cerexagri, Inc.
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 (24hrs) or (703) 527-3887
Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center
(866) 767-5089 (24Hrs)

Information Telephone Numbers	Phone Number	Available Hrs
R&D Technical Service	610-878-6100	8:00am to 5:00pm EST
Customer Service	1-800-438-6071	8:00am - 5:00 pm EST

Product Name AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide
Product Synonym(s)

Chemical Family Dicarboxylic Acid
Chemical Formula C8H8O5K2
Chemical Name Dipotassium Endothall
EPA Reg Num 4581-204
Product Use Contact killer for submerged aquatic weeds

2 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Name	CAS RegistryNumber	Typical Wt. %	OSHA
Endothal-potassium	2164-07-0	40.3	Y

The substance(s) marked with a "Y" in the OSHA column, are identified as hazardous chemicals according to the criteria of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Yellow brown liquid, very faint chlorine odor.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

DANGER!

Causes irreversible eye damage
MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.
MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED.

HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
Do not breathe vapor.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation and skin contact are expected to be the primary routes of occupational exposure to this material. Based on single exposure animal tests, it is considered to be moderately toxic if swallowed, slightly toxic if absorbed through skin or inhaled, non-irritating to skin and causes irreversible eye damage.



AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

IF IN EYES,

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN, immediately wash with cool/cold water. If irritation develops, immediately obtain medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED,

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED,

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS, Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression, and convulsion may be needed.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosive Properties

Auto-Ignition Temperature	N/A	
Flash Point	N/A	Flash Point Method
Flammable Limits- Upper	N/A	
Lower	N/A	

Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, carbon dioxide, foam or dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand NIOSH approved or equivalent). Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Fire and Explosion Hazards

None known.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

In Case of Spill or Leak

- Stop the leak, if possible. Shut off or remove all ignition sources.
- Ventilate the space involved. Avoid generation of vapors.
- Prevent waterway contamination. Construct a dike to prevent spreading.
- Use non-sparking equipment to clean up spill.
- Absorb, sweep up, place in appropriate containers for recovery or disposal.



AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Collect run-off water and transfer to drums or tanks for later disposal.
After removal, clean area with soap and water, collect rinsate. Remove from spill location.
Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Do not breathe vapor. Do not breathe mist.
Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed.

Empty container may contain hazardous residues.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Storage

Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposure. Dilution ventilation is acceptable, but local mechanical exhaust ventilation preferred, if practical, at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment. Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

Eye / Face Protection

Where there is potential for eye contact, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment immediately available.

Skin Protection

Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Wearing rubber gloves is recommended. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory Protection

Where airborne exposure is likely, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. If exposures cannot be kept at a minimum with engineering controls, consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

Airborne Exposure Guidelines for Ingredients

The components of this product have no established Airborne Exposure Guidelines

- Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section.
- Skin contact limits designated with a "Y" above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required.
- ACGIH Sensitizer designator with a value of "Y" above means that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.
- WEEL-AIHA Sensitizer designator with a value of "Y" above means that exposure to this material may cause allergic skin reactions.



cerexagri

AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Odor	Yellow brown liquid, very faint chlorine odor.
pH	7.4 (nominal)
Specific Gravity	1.285 (H ₂ O=1)
Vapor Pressure	negligible
Vapor Density	NE
Melting Point	NA
Freezing Point	NA
Boiling Point	>100 deg C
Solubility In Water	Miscible
Percent Volatile	59.7

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage and handling conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization

Does not occur.

Incompatibility

Materials that react with water.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Elevated temperatures may convert endothall to anhydride, a strong vesicant, causing blistering of eyes, mucous membranes, and skin. (*See section 16)

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Information

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Endothal-potassium

Although no allergic skin reactions were observed in guinea pigs following exposure to this material in water, allergic skin reactions were observed following exposure to this material in ethanol. Repeated application to the skin of rats produced severe skin irritation, liver and kidney effects considered to be secondary to irritation, and increased mortality. Long-term dietary administration produced no adverse effects in rats.

Single exposure (acute) studies indicate:

Oral - Moderately Toxic to Rats [LD₅₀ 99.5 mg/kg (Category II)]

Dermal - Slightly Toxic to Rabbits [LD₅₀ 2,000 mg/kg (Category III)]

Inhalation - Slightly Toxic to Rats [4-hr LC₅₀ 0.83 mg/l; aerosol (Category II)]

Eye Irritation - Causes irreversible eye damage in rabbits (Category I)

Skin Irritation - Non-irritating to Rabbits (Category IV)

Endothall

Intentional swallowing of 40 ml led to death within 12-hours. Skin allergy was observed in guinea pigs following repeated exposure. Repeated dietary administration (via gelatin capsules) produced vomiting, diarrhea,



AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

sluggish movements, and liver, kidney and blood effects in dogs. Long-term dietary administration to rats and mice produced effects in the glandular stomach. High mortality rates and intestinal tumors considered to be secondary to the effects in the stomach were observed in mice. Long-term application to the skin of mice produced no tumors. No birth defects were observed in the offspring of rats exposed orally during pregnancy, even at dosages that produced adverse effects on the mothers. Skeletal anomalies were observed in the offspring of rabbits and mice exposed orally during pregnancy, but only at dosages that produced adverse effects in the mothers. No genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria, animal cells or animals.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Endothal-potassium

This material is practically non-toxic to bluegill sunfish (LC50 316-501.2 mg/l), rainbow trout (LC50 107-528.7 mg/l), eastern oysters (LC50 117 mg/l), largemouth bass (LC50 130 mg/l), fiddler crab (LC50 752.4 mg/l) and sheepshead minnow (LC50 340 mg/l), and slightly toxic to mysid shrimp (LC50 79 mg/l) and smallmouth bass (LC50 47 mg/l). It is practically non-toxic to slightly toxic to *Daphnia magna* (EC50 72-319.5 mg/l) and no more than moderately toxic to freshwater blue-green algae (LC50 >4.8 mg/l), freshwater diatoms (LC50 >3.6 mg/l), freshwater green algae (LC50 >4.8 mg/l) and marine diatoms (LC50 >9.0 mg/l).

The 8-day LC50 for bobwhite quail and mallard ducklings is >5,000 ppm, the 21-day LD50 for mallard ducks is 344 mg/kg, the 14-day EC50 for duckweed is 0.84 mg/l and the 14-day LC50 for juvenile chinook salmon is 62.5 ppm.

Chemical Fate Information

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Endothal-potassium

This material is rapidly degraded in aqueous systems by the indigenous microbial population to CO₂ and other non-toxic natural products.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.



cerexagri

AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Name	Pesticides, liquid, toxic, n.o.s.
DOT Technical Name	Endothal
DOT Hazard Class	6.1
UN Number	2902
DOT Packing Group	PG III
RQ	1000 lbs.
DOT Special Information	DOT HM215C= The Keep Away From Foodstuffs (KAFF) label is authorized until October 2003. During the transition period the KAFF or the Toxic label may be used. After October 2003 only the Toxic label is authorized.

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370)

Immediate (Acute) Health	Y	Fire	N
Delayed (Chronic) Health	N	Reactive	N
		Sudden Release of Pressure	N

Ingredient Related Regulatory Information:

SARA Reportable Quantities	CERCLA RQ	SARA TPQ
Endothal-potassium	NE	

SARA Title III, Section 313

This product does contain chemical(s) which are defined as toxic chemicals under and subject to the reporting requirements of, Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372. See Section 2

Endothal-potassium

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Information

Revision Date	13 JAN 2005	Revision Number	10
Supersedes Revision Dated	15-OCT-2004		

Revision Summary

Add trademark and reference to sections 1 & 16

Key

NE= Not Established NA= Not Applicable (R) = Registered Trademark

Miscellaneous

Proper PPE and ventilation should be used when using high heat, such as welding or oxy-acetylene torch cutting, on machinery that may have endothal residue.

Aquathol (R) is a registered trademark of Cerexagri, Inc.



cerexagri

AQUATHOL (R) K Aquatic Herbicide

Material Safety Data Sheet

Cerexagri, Inc.

Cerexagri, Inc. believes that the information and recommendations contained herein (including data and statements) are accurate as of the date hereof. NO WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN. The information provided herein relates only to the specific product designated and may not be valid where such product is used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Further, since the conditions and methods of use are beyond the control of Cerexagri, Inc., Cerexagri, Inc. expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of the product or reliance on such information.